# Colchester Zoo Learning at the Zoo Activity Pack 3

This pack is designed to provide parents, families and groups with information and activities to help you learn at Colchester Zoo. Complete the activities to earn Children's University passport stamps! There are four different packs, you can mix and match and complete worksheets from all the packs. Please note, you can earn a maximum of 6 hours per day by completing worksheet pages



If you are working to earn Children's University passport stamps, please complete as many pages of the worksheets as you wish and bring them to Guest Services at the end of your day. The more pages you complete, the more stamps you earn up to a maximum of six hours per day.

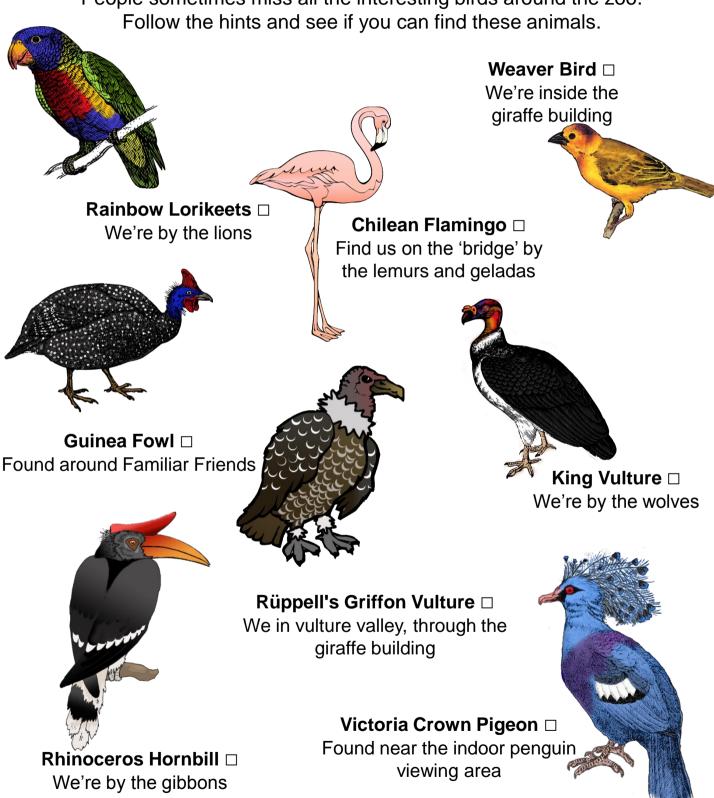
Please download and print the pack yourself.
For a small donation we can print this pack on your behalf.



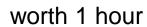
Complete this and the next page to earn CU hours!

# **Bird Spotter**

People sometimes miss all the interesting birds around the zoo. Follow the hints and see if you can find these animals.



After finding these birds, write down one cool fact about each of them on the next page. Find information about them on signs near their enclosure, or just by watching what they do and how they act. Record information like: how big they are, what food they like to eat, or anything else you want to remember.





Record one cool fact or something you notice about each bird

	Rainbow Lorikeet	
	Chilean Flamingo	
	Guinea Fowl	
1,	Rhinoceros Hornbill	
	King Vulture	
	Ruppell's Griffon Vulture	
	Weaver Bird	
	Victoria Crowned Pigeon	



# **Observing Animal Behaviour**

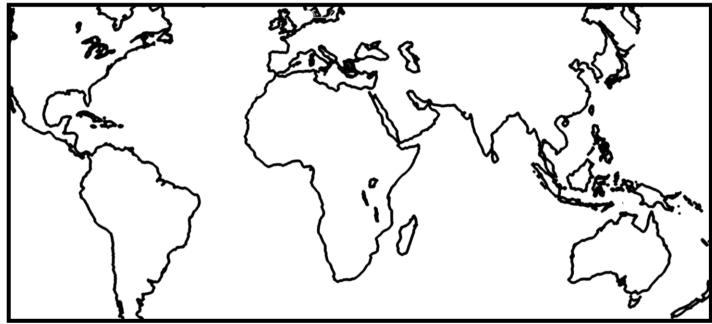
Walks/Runs	mark each Eats		Drii			Lie	s Down
Sleeps	Yawns		Loc	oks at pe	eople	Pla	ıys
er observing, m	ake a graph	showing t	he ani	mals be	ehavior.		
ke sure you lab	el the axes a	nd an app	oropria	ite scal	e.		

Which behavior was most frequent:\_\_\_\_\_

# **Animal Research**

Find animal you haven't heard of before. Use your map or simply explore the zoo and see what you can find. When you find an animal fill in the information below.

Name of animal:
Draw a picture of the animal on the back of this sheet
Size (record weight and height, can be an estimate):
Type of body covering (fur, feathers, scales, etc.):



# Mark on the map where it lives in the wild

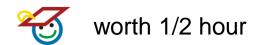
browser, etc.):				
What habitat does it live in: How is it adapted to that habitat:				
What is the future of your animal in the wild? Why?				



# What's the Danger?

Animals are endangered for different reasons. Read information about threats to the animals on signs at their enclosure. Write the name of an animal that is threatened for each reasons:

.Animal has only one or two babies at a time
.Animal needs a special place to nest
.Animal lives close to major cities
.Animal home changed to farm land
.Animal hunted for fur
.Animal killed because people don't like them
.Animal that food is taken by people
.Animal who is killed for tusks or horns
.Animal is very, very rare



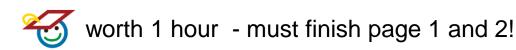
# **Comparing Apes and Monkeys**

Apes and monkeys belong in the primate family along with lemurs and us! There are some key differences however between apes and monkeys.

Find three apes species and three monkey species. When you find a species write down what they look like or draw a small picture of them.

Apes at the zoo are: chimpanzees, orangutans, gibbons, and humans! Monkeys at the zoo include: mandrills, geladas, tamarins, marmosets, and more!

Lemurs are not apes NOR monkeys, they are their own separate group.



# **Counting Animal Classification - page 1**

Find five examples of each type of animal.

Record the number of individual animals you observe of each type.

The first one has been done as an example.

### **Mammals**

Animals with fur or hair



Species			
(types of animal)	Lion		
Number of individual animals	3		

With 5 species (types) of mammals there was a total of:\_\_\_\_\_ individual animals

# Birds Have feathers, wings and beaks



Species (types of animal)			
Number of individual animals			

With 5 species (types) of birds there was a total of:\_\_\_\_\_ individual animals

### Fish

Live in water and breathe through gills



Species			
(types of animal)			
Number of individual animals			

With 5 species	(types) of fish there was a total of:	individual animals

The most numerous type of animal I observed was the:\_\_\_\_\_

# **Counting Animal Classification - page 1**

Find five examples of each type of animal. Record the number of individual animals you observe of each type.

# **Amphibians**

Animals with soft, wet skin (often live in land and water)



Species (types of animal)			
Number of individual animals			

With 5 species (types) of mammals there was a total of:\_\_\_\_\_ individual animals

# Reptiles

Animals with scaly, leathery skin



Species (types of animal)			
Number of individual animals			

With 5 species (types) of birds there was a total of:\_\_\_\_\_ individual animals

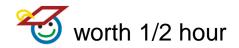
### Invertebrates

Animals without bones (e.g. seastars, insects, spiders, etc.)

Species				$\Box$
(types of animal)				
Number of individual animals				

With 5 species (types) of fish there was a total of:\_\_\_\_\_ individual animals

The most numerous type of animal I observed was the:\_\_\_\_\_



### **British Wildlife Watcher**



Visit the Nature Area (through the tiger viewing tunnel). Walk all along the boardwalk until you reach the bird hide at the end. Answer these questions based on the information on the signs in the bird hide and what you see.

What type of bird feeders are on the Nature Area? (circle all that apply) Seed **Nuts** Mix Did you see any birds at the bird feeders? YES /NO If you saw birds, describe what they look like: \_\_\_\_\_ Can you find the bird's name on any of the signs (the signs only have the common birds, so if it is a rare bird, it might not be on any of them!) Are there any birds on the pond? YES/NO If you saw birds, describe what they look like: \_\_\_\_\_ Can you find the bird's name on any of the signs (the signs only have the common birds, so if it is a rare bird, it might not be on any of them!) What other animals have might live on the nature area?













Visit the Nature Area (through the tiger viewing tunnel).

A Roman River Conservation Area

Look at the entire area, paying attention to the 'type feature being assessed'. After your examination, assign each feature a ranking (3-0) by circling the appropriate description. After ranking everything, sum all the points in each column, then sum all the points together to get a total score for the habitat.

		Ranking			
		3 points	2 points	1 point	0 point
Type of Feature being Assessed	Number of large trees	Many large trees	4-5 large trees	1-3 large trees	No large trees on site
	Understory plants	Many shrubs, bushes, reeds, etc.	Scatted clumps of shrubs, bushes, etc.	A few shrubs	No understory plants
	Logs, rotten trees, and other large woody debris	Many logs and other large woody debris	A few logs and other large woody debris	1 log	No logs or large woody debris
	Connectivity to other nearby habitats	Area appears to connect to surrounding forest/streams/etc.	Forests/streams/etc. visible nearby but not connected (field or similar separating them)	Forests/streams/etc. visible nearby but not connected (road or similar separating them)	No forests/streams or other habitats visible nearby
	Water Quality	Water flowing and appears clear; no smell.	Water flowing slowly; slightly cloudy (hard to see through); no smell	Water still; very cloudy (can't see the bottom at all); no smell	Water still; very cloudy (can't see the bottom at all); strong bad smell
	Water Plants	A variety of different plants growing in the water	One type of plant completely covering all the water	A few scattered, sickly looking plants	No plants growing anywhere near the water
	Water Channel Complexity	Water in a variety of channels; bendy streams connecting multiple small pools and ponds	Water in a variety of channels; completely straight streams connecting multiple round pools and ponds	Water only in one main channel.; completely straight stream linking one round pool	Water only in one completely straight stream (no larger ponds or pools)
	TOTAL POINTS in each Column				
	ased on numbe			for the entire habitat totals from each column)	

	<u>-</u>		
excellent Habitat 25-35 points	Good Habitat 15-25 points	Okay Habitat 5-15 points	Poor Habitat 0-5 points

Based on your assessment, what quality is the nature area:
What could be added or changed to make the nature area a better habitat:

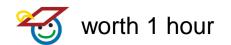


### **Pet Animal Needs**

Many of the animals at Sensation Station (near the farm animals) are animals which people keep as pets. These are animals that might be called 'exotic pets' and have slightly different needs than cats and dogs.

Visit Sensation Station when there is a staff member there (on busy days this is all the time, on quieter days this is the first fifteen minutes of each hour, check the sign at the door for specifics)
Find out the answers to these questions for ONE of the animals:

What animal are you describing:
What type of enclosure does it need? (cage, terrarium, outdoor hutch, etc.)
How big is it's enclosure at the zoo?
Does it need anything 'special' in it's enclosure? (e.g. heat mat, UV lights, etc.)
What type of food does it eat?
Does it need to be in a group or can it live alone?
Are there any other important things to know about it? (e.g. is it only awake at night time, does it live a really long time, does it need special grooming, etc.)
Do you think this would be a good pet animal for YOU? Why or why not?





# **Talks and Feeding Times**

There are a lot of feeds and talks that happen throughout the day.

Check the map (available at Guest Services, Entrance and online) for locations and times.

Watch the <b>Meerkat Encounter</b> and answer the following questions:
Why do meerkats have a 'lookout'
How many meerkats are in this 'mob'?
What is the name of one of the meerkats?
What is the meerkats keeper's name?
Attend the Otter Encounter and answer the following questions:
What is the name of the father otter?
What is a threat to these otters in the wild?
What can you do to help otters?
Go to the <b>Lion Encounter</b> and answer the following questions:
How do the keepers stay safe working with the lions?
Lions are (circle one): constantly active OR lazy and would prefer to sleep
Which is the biggest cat at Colchester Zoo?



Now bring your completed pages of this workbook to the Guest Services building (located next to the red brick building) so we can stamp your Children's University passport.

PLEASE NOTE, while you can complete as many pages as you'd like from any of the workbooks, YOU CAN ONLY EARN A MAXIMUM OF SIX CU HOURS EACH DAY BY COMPLETING THESE WORKBOOK PAGES

If you have any comments please contact our education team at education@colchesterzoo.org

